विकास और गरीबी-विरोधी कार्यक्रमों के लिए बढे हुए आवंटन इस प्रक्रिया को और आगे बढाते हैं। 1991 से मुद्रास्फीति की दर को कम करने में सरकार की सफलता ने गरीबी को लाभान्वित किया है।

Amount allocated to Tamil Nadu for Industrial Development

2110. SHRI TINDIVANAM G. VENKATRAMAN: Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state:

(a) what is the total foreign exchange earned from NRI's during 1989 to 1993;

(b) what is the total foreign exchange apart from NRIs subscription, for the years 1990 to 1993;

(c) what is the total amount allotted to Tamil Nadu for Industrial Development: and

(d) what is the amount allotted to industrially backward areas earmarked for improvement?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF FINANCE (DR. ABRAR AHMED): (a) Foreign exchange inflows from the Non-Resident Indians (NRIs) have been mainly in the form of private transfer receipts, credits under various deposit schemes for the NRIs and investments under different direct and portfolio foreign investment schemes. Of these three major sources, private transfer receipts, mainly in the form of remittances for family maintenance, transfer of savings etc. are generally considered as earnings from the NRIs. Inflows under private transfers and foreign investment schemes from the NRIs for 1989-90 through 1992-93 are set out in Table 1.

Table 1

Foreign Exchange Inflows from NRIs

(US $ million)

	1989-90	1990-91	1991-92	1992-93
A. Foreign Investment				
(a) Direct	114@	104@	63@	62@
(b) Portfolio	2	3	8	5
Total (a+b)	116	107	71	67
B. Private Transfer Receipts	2295	2082	2700(E)+	2220(E)+

(E) Estimate plus Including inflows under Immunity scheme @relates to calender years 1989 & 1990.

Note: Direct Investment does not include those on non-repatriation basis.

(E) Estimate + including inflows under apart from remittances by NRIs under private transfers, NRI deposits and fo-

reign investment for 1989-90 through 1992-93 are given in Table 2.

Table 2

Foreign Exchange Receipts (Gross)
US $ million

(US$ million)

	1989-90	1990-91	1991-92 (Estimate)	1992-93
Current receipts including grants but excluding Private transfers.	22229	23859	23721	24680
Capital receipts.				
(i) external assistance	3002	3397	4318	3381
(ii) commercial borrowing . . .	2897	4562	3025@@	1188
(iii) IMF	..	1858	1240	1623

@@ Including India Development Bonds.

(c) The plan outlays for industrial sector including village and small industries for the State of Tamil Nadu during 1990-91 to 1993-94 has been as follows:

Year	Plan outlay (Rs. crore)
1990-91 . . .	93.80
1991-92. . . .	123.10
1992-93. . .	104.60
1993-94. . . .	115.45

(d) There is no specific allotment for industrial development of backward areas. However, under the Growth Centre Scheme for development of infrastructural facilities, Rs. 3.5 crores have been released towards central assistance to the Government of Tamil Nadu.

वित्तीय संस्थाओं को राज-सहायता

2111. श्री राम जेठमलानी :
डा० जिनेन्द्र कुमार जैन :

क्या वित्त मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि :

(क) क्या यह सच है कि सरकार द्वारा भारतीय औद्योगिक विकास बैंक, भारतीय औद्योगिक वित्त निगम, भारतीय औद्योगिक प्रत्यय और विनिधान निगम और भारतीय औद्योगिक पुनर्निर्माण बैंक तथा इसी प्रकार की अन्य संस्थाओं को वित्तीय राज-सहायता दी जाती है ;

(ख) यदि हां, तो गत तीन वर्षों के दौरान अर्थात् वर्ष 1990–91, 1991–92 और 1992–93 में राज-सहायता के रूप में उन्हें कितनी-कितनी राशि दी गई है ,

(ग) क्या यह भी सच है कि इन संस्थाओं द्वारा मुख्यत: ब्याज पर ऋण [illegible] किया जाता है ;

(घ) यदि नहीं, तो इस संबंध में तथ्य क्या हैं ;